

Appendix B

Derivation of the Regional Type I Error Rate. Let Z_1 and Z_{1c} be the test statistics for the first region and regions other than the first region, respectively.

$$Z_1 = (\bar{X}_{1.} - \bar{Y}_{1.}) / (\sigma \sqrt{2/n_1})$$

$$Z_{1c} = \sum_{i=2}^K \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (X_{ij} - Y_{ij}) / (\sigma \sqrt{2/(N-n_1)}).$$

Additionally, Let, D_{1c} be the observed mean difference for regions other than the first region. Hence,

$$D_{1c} = \sum_{i=2}^K \sum_{j=1}^{n_i} (X_{ij} - Y_{ij}) / (N-n_1).$$

We can then derive the mathematical formula for the regional type I error (α_s), as shown below.

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha_s &= P_\delta(D_1 \geq \rho D | Z > z_{1-\alpha}, H_{s0} : \Delta_1 \leq \rho \Delta) \\ &= P_\delta(D_1 \geq \rho(p_1 D_1 + (1-p_1) D_{1c}) | Z > z_{1-\alpha}, H_{s0}) \\ &= P_\delta\left(Z_1 > \frac{\tilde{\sigma}\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} Z_{1c} | \sqrt{p_1} Z_1 + \sqrt{1-p_1} Z_{1c} > z_{1-\alpha}, H_{s0}\right) \\ &= P_\delta\left(Z_1 - \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}} > \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} \left(Z_{1c} - \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}\right) + \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}\right) \\ &= P_\delta\left(Z_1 - \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}} > \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} \left(Z_{1c} - \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}\right) + \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}\right. \\ &\quad \left.- \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}} \mid \sqrt{p_1} \left(Z_1 - \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}}\right) + \sqrt{1-p_1} \left(Z_{1c} - \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}\right) > z_{1-\alpha} - \sqrt{p_1} \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}} - \sqrt{1-p_1} \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}}, H_{s0}\right) \\ &= P_0\left(\begin{array}{l} Z_1^* \geq \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} Z_{1c}^* + \frac{\rho\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1} \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}} - \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}} \mid \sqrt{p_1} Z_1^* + \\ \sqrt{1-p_1} Z_{1c}^* > z_{1-\alpha} - \frac{1}{\sigma\sqrt{\frac{2}{N}}} (p_1 \Delta_1 + (1-p_1) \Delta_{1c}) \end{array}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
&= \frac{P_0(Z_1^* > d_1 Z_{1c}^* + d_2, d_3 Z_1^* + d_4 Z_{1c}^* > d_5)}{P_0(d_3 Z_1^* + d_4 Z_{1c}^* > d_5)} \\
&= \frac{\int_{d_1}^{\infty} \left(\Phi\left(\frac{1}{d_1}u - \frac{d_2}{d_1}\right) - \Phi\left(-\frac{d_3}{d_4} + -\frac{d_5}{d_4}\right) \right) \phi(u) du}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[1 - \Phi\left(-\frac{d_3}{d_4} + -\frac{d_5}{d_4}\right) \right] \phi(u) du}
\end{aligned}$$

Where,

$$d_1 = \rho \frac{\sqrt{p_1(1-p_1)}}{1-\rho p_1}, \quad d_2 = d_1 \frac{\Delta_{1c}}{\sigma \sqrt{\frac{2}{N-n_1}}} - \frac{\Delta_1}{\sigma \sqrt{\frac{2}{n_1}}}, \quad d_3 = \sqrt{p_1}, \quad d_4 = \sqrt{1-p_1}$$

$$d_5 = z_{1-\alpha} - \frac{1}{\sigma \sqrt{\frac{2}{N}}} (p_1 \Delta_1 + (1-p_1) \Delta_{1c}), \quad b_1 = d_2 + \frac{d_1(d_5 - d_2 c_3)}{d_1 d_3 + d_4}$$